Admiral Chester Nimitz was establishing his advance headquarters as Commander in Chief, Pacific Fleet (CinCPac). I was to act as senior translator in the language section of the Advance Intelligence Center there. Swallowing my disappointment, I packed my things, took leave of my duties, and was soon en route to Guam, via Johnson Island and the Marshalls, in the very first plane trip I ever took. Guam proved depressing, at first. CinCPac’s language section was small (about 13 of us). The material Lieutenant Commander Steele sent from Pearl for translation was of minimal interest, and the officer to whom I reported for special assignments from time to time, Captain Edward Layton, Admiral Nimitz’s chief intelligence officer, was brutal in his treatment of subordinates. I never walked over to Layton’s office across the square without steeling myself beforehand for the vehement dressing-down that was sure to come. Only in retrospect can I bring myself to acknowledge that Layton’s high competence made up for his extreme unpleasantness. “He had whisky ulcers,” someone explained to me, “and he’s mad about something all the time! He had been Admiral Kimmel’s intelligence officer, as well. Admiral Layton later wrote And from Paul F. Boller, Jr., Memoirs of an Obscure Professor & Other Essays, (Fort Worth, TX: TCU Press, 1992) 42-44.}

CONVERSATION BETWEEN MARINES

Dear Aubrey [Farb]: My National War College classmates were an impressive lot. Many of them later rose to flag rank. Two of the most impressive were LtC Brent Scowcroft who already had a PhD when he came to the NWC and later became an advisor to presidents. The other was Col. Robert Barrow, who later became Commandant of the Marine Corps. We were daily addressed by someone of note. Foremost was former President Eisenhower, then Kissinger, Brezinski, Averell Harriman, etc. Each speaker took questions after his presentation. One of the students asked a question of Harriman which sent him into a rant, saying he had been insulted. The question seemed innocuous to us but he must have thought it a criticism of some decision of his in one of his many past capacities. There was a stunned silence - and no more questions [Harriman must have misinterpreted; I cannot imagine there were any “protestors” or “hecklers” in THAT college crowd, even in 1968. The only college crowd more reverential than the NWC might be the College of Cardinals]. An institution at the NWC was a week of foreign travel for the students. We were given a choice of the area to which we wished to go - Far East, Africa, Middle East, Europe and Central/South America. I chose the last. The Air Force assigned each group a C-141 transport with crew, a staff of baggage handlers and a doctor. I don’t recall anyone being ill or injured but the doctor must have

The Interpreter

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Number 171

Remember September 11, 2001

May 1, 2012

arv@colorado.edu
administered a lot of hangover remedies.

Our first stop was Mexico City where, as at every stop, we were escorted about by the local military. Those of us who were tequila fanciers loaded up on the fine but cheap varieties. Our next stop was Nicaragua where Somoza was in charge. He had attended West Point and was a classmate of one of our group. He threw a big beach-side whole steer BBQ at one of his villas, provided potables and gave us each a big box of the best Nicaraguan cigars. Our next stop was Lima, Peru where we were greeted at our hotel with waiters bearing trays of pisco sours, which necessitated some hangover treatments. At each stop the local US Military Attaché arranged for the American Ambassador to host a get-together so we all stood in line to meet the Ambassador. Same drill in Chile. We then flew over the Andes to Buenos Aires where the local military put on one of their famed equestrian exhibitions. They then took us on a side trip to Mar del Plata, a seaside resort. We next stopped in Venezuela, where the local military entertained us lavishly. At the time the pay scale of their officers was higher than that of their US counterparts - courtesy of petroleum resources.

While we were still in Caracas we got word that Martin Luther King had been shot and that there were riots in Washington. We took off at once. As we approached Andrews Air Force base we could see columns of smoke arising from the city. Wives had come to pick most of us up. As we drove home we encountered armed troops on the bridges leading into the city.

Back at Ft. McNair each travel group reported in its trip and we graduated. A number of us stayed on to take some additional courses. I finished the thesis I had been working on and qualified for an MA in International Relations. I then went back for resume regular duties at Langley.
It was fascinating to be in on the planning for the Okinawa operation. Okinawa was out of bounds by Japanese military rules and had been for quite a while, so practically nobody knew anything about it. I did some research in the Honolulu public library, [laughs] reading books that had been written a long time ago with information that was obsolete. And we took along with us an elderly man from Honolulu who was a shell collector and this was voluntary, he wasn’t kidnapped or anything, and therefore had spent some time in Okinawa.

Lage: Was he of Japanese descent?

May: No, American. He, like so many, had had a Japanese mistress when he’d lived in Japan, who banked his money and treated him very well, but he kept saying, “Why don’t we wipe them all out?”

Lage: Oh, my!

May: I said, “But think of your girlfriend and all the other nice people you knew.” And he said, “Well, I might feel that way if I was interested in people, but I’m not. I’m interested in shells.” But I’m well ahead of where I was because we did a lot of planning and got to know each other, and then before we left, in very traditional style, had a dinner with a lot of singing and so forth, naturally in a Japanese restaurant. [laughs]

And then we got under way. On the ship I found that all the traditions, and the rules, and vocabulary, and hierarchy of the Navy, which were just cumbersome and a nuisance on land, seemed to make an awful lot more sense. Also, it was a common perception that the same people who might be backbiting and selfish ashore at a desk job, on a ship, especially moving toward a combat area, were just ever so much more agreeable, unselfish. That was a very good part of the experience.

It was a long voyage, naturally, and the first parts of it very pleasant going through islands in the South Pacific and then the Central Pacific, where we stopped and I picked up shells for Jean. So far there was always an officer’s club with drinks.

Lage: Were you all expecting that that was going to be the next

**Invasion of Okinawa, April 13, 1945**

step [Invasion of Japan]?

May: Oh, yes. But I went back to Pearl Harbor and by this time I knew enough when there was no accommodation for me—to bribe an enlisted man with a bottle of whiskey, which he couldn’t get, and get him to put me temporarily one place or another. Finally I got a more permanent room with three southern ensigns, very young, who talked about nothing but girls all the time. Really, this second period was no good. I was back at work on the intelligence magazine that I’d been on.

Lage: The same thing you’d been working on?

May: Yes. (to be cont’d)

an oral history conducted in 1998

by Ann Lage,

Regional Oral History Office

The Bancroft Library,
University of California,

**Wayne R. Gruner**

**NSF Administrator**

**OLS 1945**

Wayne R. Gruner, 87, a retired assistant to the assistant director of the National Science Foundation, died April 11, 2009, at his home in Gaithersburg of complications from Alzheimer’s disease.

Mr. Gruner was with the foundation from 1960 until his retirement in 1980. He started as the program director for theoretical physics, managing a budget that grew over the years to $30 million from $6 million.

In 1970, he became the senior staff associate to the deputy assistant director of research and had responsibility for NSF grant research support in all the science fields. He developed plans and budgets, testified before Congress and gave lectures on government support for science.

In 1978, he became the senior science associate assigned to NSF’s regional office in Tokyo, where he helped maintain the U.S.-Japan Cooperative Science Program. In retirement, he worked as a science consultant to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

He was born Wayne Robert Gruner in Minneapolis and received a bachelor’s degree in math and physics from the University of Minnesota in 1942.

He began working on a master’s degree at the University of California at Berkeley but left to serve in the Navy during World War II. He learned Japanese through the Navy and saw duty in the Pacific. After Japan’s surrender, he worked in law enforcement and police supervision in Yokosuka, Japan.

Mr. Gruner was a protege of atomic scientist J. Robert Oppenheimer and followed him from Berkeley to Princeton, where Mr. Gruner received a master’s degree in physics in 1947. He worked for the Naval Ordnance Laboratory and the physics branch of the Office of Naval Research before joining NSF.

Mr. Gruner, who had some familiarity with at least five languages, loved to travel and always learned enough of the language of the countries he visited to appreciate the culture and to communicate with the natives. He also maintained a lifelong interest in sports cars, motorcycles, sailboats, target shooting and flower gardening.

His marriage to Carolyn Hodgson Gruner ended in divorce.

Survivors include his wife of 38 years, Sarah Bolyard Gruner of Gaithersburg; three daughters from his first marriage, Karen Gruner of Frederick, Nora Gruner of Fairbanks, Alaska, and Wendy Graves of Duluth, Minn.; two stepchildren, Cheryl Starke of Libertytown, in Frederick County, and Kevin Starke of Bethesda; a sister; a brother; and two grandchildren.

Joe Holley
Washington Post
April 17, 2009

**Recent Losses:**

**TOKYO ROSE - AND FELL**

Wife Jean, David Cole (age 2) and I arrived in Tokyo in December 1952 where I was assigned as Book Translations Officer (I am bilingual in Japanese) charged with stimulating commercial translation and publication of American books deemed productive in shaping Japanese public opinion on such US policy issues as “Atomic Weapons Are Good for You, Communists Are Not”, “Russia Is the Antichrist”, and “You Need Our Kind of Democracy”.

The trick was, since no intelligent Japanese would buy these no-brainers, WE did – in big lots – so the titles appeared on the best seller lists and then the Japanese did buy them, because everybody buys best sellers. Pretty neat, huh?

Small problem: In the halls of the Mantetsu (South Manchurian Railroad) Building, the former cockpit of Japan’s rape of China, I run into a cheerful color blind fellow Language Officer named Carl Bartz. “Hey Carl, I say what’s your assignment here?”

“Book Translations Officer,” he replies cautiously. “You can’t be,” I say, “I am the BTO”. “Yeah,” he says, “but I got here first – run out of Korea when the North cleaned our clock. Just got here. You hadn’t yet. So I got your job.” The Embassy was required to take officer refugees and give them jobs. “Oh yes, I got your housing too”. I believe in Choice: Insult him, Kill him, or get back on the plane.

We ended up in a second class hotel. Second morning, a large mouse-traipsed across our window ledge and fortuitously fell into a waste basket over which I placed a magazine. The on-duty samurai was summoned. He looked at the invader and with genuine indignation said, “Why don’t we wipe them all out?”

[laughs] I explain, only dirty places. That was a very good part of the experience.

He began working on a master’s degree at the University of California at Berkeley but left to serve in the Navy during World War II. He learned Japanese through the Navy and saw duty in the Pacific. After Japan’s surrender, he worked in law enforcement and police supervision in Yokosuka, Japan.

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Joe Holley
Washington Post
April 17, 2009

Recent Losses:
Small problem: There was no Tokyo Center. The owners had taken it back, refusing to renew the lease. Your mission, Mr. Phelps, should you choose to accept, is find a New Center and run it. This opportunity will self destruct in five seconds. Good luck Mr. Phelps. I found a center and ran it, but not before a lot more Kabuki, babies, etc. It was a grueling job. Our Mopix Officer Harry Keith recalls his first visit to my new Center – says I had my feet up on the desk and was playing the trumpet. My Japanese Chief of Staff, Shigee Hamada (charming family name meaning “Rice Paddy by the Bay”) was about 20, smart, capable and loyal. His brother became our first cook. So imagine my dismay when Shigeo fails to show up one morning. Dismay turned to rage when the Embassy Security Officer called to say Shigeo had been arrested for wartime atrocities in the Philippines. I know Shigeo well. This simply was not possible. Probably mistaken identity. I pressed for details. Well, it’s classified, says the Embassy cop. Well, says I, I am cleared for stuff higher than you are. You tell me now or I am going to the Ambassador. Shigee is vital my operation. You screw with me and you’ll find out what real screwing is. That did it. Turns out when Shigee was an army recruit of 17 in Manila his sergeant had ordered him to have Filipino prisoners perform “acts” for the amusement of the prison commander and staff. (Hey wait a minute – are we in Manila or Baghdad??) To placate the war crimes bureaucrats in Manila, Shigee was barred from employment by US agencies and allowed to resign. His separation package was good job with the Tokyo police. When I saw him a year or two later he was a detective in plain clothes.

The job really was OK. But it was the friends from out of nowhere and mostly not of the Embassy that made our Tokyo years unforgettable. The list is too long for this account, but I would start with Curt [JLS 1944] and Libby Prendergast (Time-Life Bureau), John and Kay Snedaker (T-L Publishing), Rudd and Ester Poats (United Press), the Pepper Martins (U.S. News and World Report), Keyes and Linda Beech of the Chicago Daily News, Seymore and Selma Janow (US Standards), Al Brown (US Airforce – killed in a low-level crash in front of his wife), Donald Richie (Critic for the Japan Times and conduit for Jean’s job there as Dance Critic), Bill and Mary Jane Sherman [Same Bill Sherman OLS 1946?] and Dick and Lea Snyder, Embassy Political Officers, Art and Betty Lou Hummel (Dick and Art both becoming Ambassadors, Dick to Korea and Art to China [Relatives of R. Stuart Hummel JLS 1943]) to name a few.

We were an irrepressible crew, like Whiffenpoofs assembled, going to country inns in large or small groups frequently with children, renting houses at Misaki on the bay, eating together on the floor at Sun Ya Chinese restaurant, exquisite steaks at Furansu Ya, endless sushi and tempura bars, dinners at each others houses, drama club productions of the hit plays. How good were the parties? Well, when we woke up one morning after a party at our apartment we found a Black Star photographer (Curt – Name please?) fully dressed and asleep in our bathtub. Now that’s a party.

I can’t forget the skill and simplicity of the Japanese approach to problems. Driving back from that weekend with our kids (and my marriage more or less intact), a jagged cement joint in the pavement ripped our oil pan wide open. I think it was one of the kids who said we had grown a long black tail. A passing cyclist reported our mishap to a bicycle repair shop a mile or two back which promptly sent out a small vehicle to tow us into town to their shop. The pan was pulled, patched, welded and re-installed in about 30 minutes and we were on our way. The bill was something like $10. No charge for the tow. Who needs friends with former enemies like that? Reminded me of a dreadful night in Venice when Jean was very sick and an Italian doctor was summoned around midnight. He took care of Jean, accompanied me to all-night apothecary where a prescription (bismuth and arsenic) was filled.

He refused any payment! Said he had been an Italian POW in a Newport News prison and was so well treated he vowed to help any American who ever needed help for nothing.

One last memory. During one of my free days I hopped on a trolley going south to nowhere to get the feeling of Tokyo’s surroundings. I got off when I could see the ocean nearby. The ground was sandy and cedar trees were everywhere. A humble community of thatched homes was between me and the sea. As I walked toward the beach I was assaulted by a boisterous flock of children on bicycles antilally running, and all carrying a violin case. They stopped and piled into one of the houses, that of one Mr. Suzuki, (now the world’s largest music teaching conglomerate with branches in 75 countries). Will the hair on the back of my neck please sit down. I have a lady studying Japanese with me now. Her profession (?), Suzuki School franchise owner and teacher of piano, in my home town of Asheville, NC.

Bryan M. Battey OLS 1946

[Ed. Note: I was scouring through JLS/OLS stories to put in THE INTERPRETER, when I came upon this Bryan Battey story (RIP Bryan) that I had initially shelved for some of its, uh, material. This time, I included it sans some paragraphs. Reading his story about Korean War Era Japan, I am again reminded of how much I miss his wry humor. Of the last coincidence, “Narrow World,” he would say.]